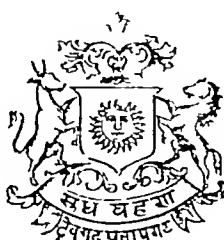


REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION
OF THE
PARTABGARH STATE,
RAJPUTANA,

For the year ending 30th September, 1914.



DEOGARH PARTABGARH

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**Mahakme-Khas Office,
Partabgarh the 12th August 1915.**

FROM

**The Secretary
to the Maharaj-Kumar Sahib,
Partabgarh**

TO

His Highness the Maharawat Shri

Sir Raghunath Singhji Sahib Bahadur K C I E

Your Highness,

I have the honour to submit herewith the Administration Report of the Partabgarh State for the year ending the 30th September 1914

I have the honour to be,

Sir

Your Highness' most obedient servant

B. Soojan Mull

**Secretary to the Maharaj Kumar Sahib
Partabgarh.**

Report on the Administration of the Partabgarh State in Rajputana for the year ending 30th September, 1914.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

1 **General Aspects** *The Partabgarh State is one of the three Sisodia States, in the Political charge of the Political Agent Southern Rajputana States, who is subordinate to the Resident in Merwar. It covers an area of 886 square miles, the population numbered 62,704 at the census of 1911. It is bounded on the North and North East by the Udaipur, Gwalior and Indore States, on the South and South East by the Gwalior territory and the Piphla Estate, on the East and East South by the Gwalior and Jaora States, and on the West by the Udaipur and Banswara States. The gross revenue of the past 5 years, averages Rs. 375266/-, while the average ordinary revenue being Rs. 399841/. The annual tribute payable to the British Government in two instalments, is, 36350/ which being larger in comparison with the other minor States of the same States, the higher authorities were requested to consider over the facts. The chief has the power of life and death and enjoys the right of adoption. The salute is of 15 guns. The administration of the State is conducted by the Mahakma Khas under the Supervision of the Maharaj Kumar Sahib.*

2 **Ruling Chief and his family.** *The present chief is His Highness Maharajadhiraj Maharawal Shri Sir Raghunath Singhji Bahadur K C I E of the Sisodia clan of Rajputs of the Ruling house of Udaipur, Merwar. He is at present 55 years old and this is the 24th year of his rule. He is related by marriage with the Chiefs of Bikaner Khetri (Jaipur) Pisangan (Ajmer) Samulia & Sarlana (in Central India) Tehri in Garhwal and Dhangdhra in Kathiawar, and by blood to the house of Udaipur Dungarpur and Banswara. His Highness has two sons only. The heir apparent Maharaj Kunwar Shri Mansinghji Bahadur, is the head of the administration, who takes keen interest in every branch of the State, and has made great many reforms in the administration. The younger son Gordhansinghji is the Maharaj of Arnaud and is being educated at the Mayo College, Ajmer. Maharaj Kumar Mansinghji has got one son & one daughter, the former Bhimwarlal Ramsingh is 7 years old and the latter has stepped to her 3rd year of age.*

among them whose countenance was not lit up with an eloquent expression of ecstatic joy

By four in the evening the public began to pour in streams towards the Bungalow compound where at the gate they were all heartily welcomed and pointed to seats in various blocks raised for the purpose. The ceremonies and rituals connected with this auspicious occasion were to be gone through under a Shamiana of capacious magnitude and tasteful decorations and which was so artfully put up in a central position as to afford an easy enjoyment of the proceedings there-under by all those assembled

At a respectful distance in all directions from the pandal was a nice arrangement of troops, cavalry and the police to perform their respective duties assigned

As per programme, His Highness the Maharawat accompanied by the heir apparent Shriman Maharaj Kumar Man Singhji, Maharaj Kumar Girdhan Singh, Maharaj Pithi Singh, & Maharaj Balwant Singh, left the Royal palace exactly as the clock struck six, and after a short prayer to the Almighty in the temple of Shri Bijay Raghaji the party proceeded with all dignity to the Shamiana; where a Guard of Honour provided by State Military presented arms and a salute of 15 guns was fired as His Highness the Maharawat was gracefully conducted to the Masnad

Then was observed the Nazar ceremony opened by the heir apparent Shriman Maharaj Kumar Man Singhji who being the first in order to present his Nazar followed in succession by Maharaj Kumar Girdhan Singh, Maharaj Pithi Singh and Maharaj Balwant Singh. As per Programme the Umrans, still waiting outside, were then ushered in, to have their turns. After these the Secretary to the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib, Munshi Soojan Mull Bantia, had had his turn followed in successive order by Tazimi Sardars, State officials and others

This opening and initial ceremony having been done with were taken up other minor rites peculiar to such occasion. Immediately on their conclusion Munshi Soojan Mull Bantia the Secretary to the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib rose up and in a neat but tolerably long Speech while paying in eloquent terms a warm tribute to the zeal and gifted capacity of Shriman Maharaj Kunwar Sahib as an able administrator, admirably traced the history of gradual progress in the State administration and suggested some of those important schemes worthy of adoption and easy to work the State machinery to its high efficient power, but the salient features the concluding portion of the Speech and which he specially dwelt upon were the following (1) Remission of Rs 58590/12/6, as debts and other dues against several Jagirdars, Cultivators and

at the close of Sambat year 1966. (2) Grant of 150 Hylas of land as charity to Brahmins and Roes. (3) The conferment of Honor of two Chiswars (Hippers) on Maharaj Kumar Gordan Singh (Tankam Armod) (4) An annual reduction of Rs 500 in tribute payable to the State by the Thakur of Saethali (5) Release of Sona (Gold in fact) and Tazim (Respect) to the respective Jagirdars of Devad and Nagdi and Tazim (Respect) to the Jagirdar of Salarpara Senior. (6) The restoration of respective Tankams to the Jagirdars of Mokhampur, and Machhadur hitherto under Confiscation to the Khalsa and (7) The abolition of Pinhey School Cess hitherto leviable on all kinds of endowments.

The last but not the least and to the great joy of the assembly was the announcement of " Free tuition " to the School going public in the State surely a so much needed and so well cherished boon for the mental welfare of the people.

Followed by the speech was a sweet recitation of poetic composition by birds and others.

The last but one more custom so peculiar to oriental taste—the untiring proof of munificence by Eastern Regality and which brought the day's proceedings to a close, was a lavish tossing up of coins in silver and gold to a crowd of paupers assembled at the gate of Palace who thus went away gratified beyond measure & ended with invocative prayers for the blessings on the head of the Ruling Chief, the Shri Maharaj Kumar Sahib and the rest of family.

By night fall at about 9 was a grand display of firework as a lively supplement to the fading memories of the day's events.

(b) Associated with the lively functions of the Jubilee ceremony it was arranged with equal spirit to commemorate the event of His Highness the Maharaja's being Honored with the insignia of K. C. I. E. on the 16th of November 1912 at Ajmer by His Excellency the Viceroy as the Grand Master.

Personnel Changes.

7. At the opening of the State official year Shah RikhabDas Khatriwara of Udaipur came in to take over charge of the office of the Superintendent Police from Parbat Shanker Rao who having gone as a temporary measure to Udaipur to officiate for the Residency Vakil Mirza Mohammadbeg granted leave, but after a lapse of 14 months the former gentleman (S. Rikhabdas K.) in Capacity of the permanent incumbent had to relieve Munshi SoojanMall Bant.

the Secretary to the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib, in temporary charge of the state Accounts office

8 Shah Ruttan Lal the Secretary State Council having been elected as a member in the said Council was succeeded by Pandit Sri Narain Ojha a Government pensioner from Ajmer; but he after nearly a month's time had to resign his new appointment under a pressing call of domestic difficulties; & Shah Rikhabdas Khameshra had to take charge of his responsible office & was also made the Member of the Council besides his equally important duties of the state Accountant. As a temporary arrangement the functions connected with the post left vacant by transferenc of Shah Rikhab das Khamesra to the Accounts Branch were to devolve upon Pandit Shanker Rao on his return from Udaipur and which duties he continued to satisfactorily perform, till on 9th April 1914, Pandit S A Rikheswar was called in from Jodhpur to permanently relieve him as the Police Superintendent

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land,

9 This was the eighth year of the Settlement made by Mr. A T Holme. The land revenue was realized without adopting any coercive measures as usual.

10 It being a general question that the ladies of the Raj family can not manage their Estates with satisfaction, the matter was long since receiving the attention of the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib, and was brought to the conclusion, without any hindrance this year. The villages in their Jagu were attached to the state and an adequate monthly stipend, sanctioned to be paid to them, in lieu of their villages.

11 The Jagu villages of the deceased younger Kunwaraniji Sahib (Punwarji) were also amalgamated in the State, during the year under report.

12 Muwafi cases numbering to 31 were disposed of by the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib during the year under review

13 The figures in Bighas giving below will show the variations in the irrigated area in the successive five years

Sambat	Opium.	Sugarcane	vegetables.	Grains.	Total.
1966.	2115.	155	101.	1632.	4003.
1967	3234.	175	81.	755.	4245.
1968	1818	187.	110.	311	2416.
1969	834.	118	282	3662	4896.
1970.	539	171.	237.	3572,	4519.

14. The reduction is due to the restriction made in the Poppa collection.

15. Tugwa advances amounting to Rs 7,583/- were due, as mentioned in the preceding year, from the cultivators at the end of Sambat year 1969, Rupees 688/- only have been advanced as Tugwa during the year, & thus the total comes to Rs. 8,271/- out of which the sum of Rs 3,911/- was remitted on the auspicious occasion of the Silver Jubilee of of His Highness the Darbar and Rs. 1,210/- have been recovered during the year under report. Thus the balance amounting to Rs 3,150/- remains to be due under this head, from the agriculturists at the end of the year under review, which will be recovered by small instalments, keeping in view the State of the cultivators

16. The variation in demands and collections of the year and in the area under cultivation compared with the corresponding figures of 1912—13 are as follows.—

Last year (1969)

Demand	Collection	Cultivated area
135733	133992	109031

Present year (1970)

156532	155419	118024
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Note — The area of the 8 villages of Jagir has been added in the figure of this year.

17. The settlement on the whole, has made fair progress successively, which can be seen from the following figures when compared with that of Sambat 1963, the first year of the settlement —

Sambat	Demand	Collection	Balance
1963	1,35,149	1,29,386	5,763
1964	1,30,292	1,09,781	20,511
1965	1,35,139	1,29,184	6,955
1966	1,45,540	1,33,580	8,960
1967	1,46,316	1,37,213	9,103
1968	1,38,084	1,36,630	1,454
1969	1,33,733	1,32,162	1,741
1970	1,56,532	1,55,119	1,113

18. It includes the revenue amounting to Rs 14,037/2/9 of the villages of Jagir as shown below, which have been attached to the State this year, as referred in para 10.

Her Highness Maha- raj Sahib's Jagir villages.	Elder Kunwarani Sahib's Jagir villages	Younger Kunwarani Sahib's Jagir villages
1 Bori	1 Nogama	1 Magroda
2 Semlope	2 Mowai	2 Kulthana
3 Punmori	3 Achalpuria	

19 At the close of the last year the total amount of arrears was Rs 24,028/- of which Rs 21,527/- remitted in commemoration of Silver Jubilee of His Highness the Durbar, and Rs 1,747/- have been realized during the year, thus the total comes to Rs. 23,274/ Rs 1,113/- only, remained in arrears of current year and therefore the total amount of arrears outstanding at the end of the year under report, was Rs. 1,867' only

20 The collections were satisfactory which is due to the efforts and diligence of Maharaj Balwant Singh, the revenue officer.

21. Though he is appointed only last year, yet he has grasped the work and discharges the duties ably I am sure he will gain vast experience of the Department in a certain but short period & turn out an efficient officer for the revenue Department.

22 **Administrative changes** The post of Naib Tehsildar has this year again brought under reduction, and there seems no need to restate it as was done in the last year

23 Fallow land amounting to Bighas 5278 have been brought under cultivation, and 304 Bighas of Bu were given on lease, the revenue of which being Rs 2,974/- and Rs 106/- respectively Resignation of 40 Bighas, the revenue of which aggregating to Rs 59/- were submitted and sanctioned, out of which 14 Bighas were given for cultivation to other cultivators

24 **Restoration and Confiscation** The villages of Mohkumpura and Muchlani have been re-gianted to their Jagirdars on the Silver Jubilee of His Highness the Durbar These villages were since long under confiscation owing to the non payment of the tribute by the Jagirdars About 157/-Bighas of land in different places were restored while nearly 200 Bighas were confiscated

25 Neither survey nor settlement have been made of any Khalsa village, during the year under review.



CHAPTER III.

Protection

26. **Legislation.** No new act was introduced this year.

27. **Military force** At present the military force forms a part of the police. The serviceable guns are 10 and that of unserviceable 9 in number. The cavalry are armed with lances and Single barrel Muzzle loading guns while the police with smooth bore Martini Rifles. Their knowledge of drill is rudimentary and their efficiency from a Military point of view is very small but they serve the purposes they are maintained for. In addition to the above force the Jagirdars are under the obligation of furnishing Sowars for service whenever required, for the Jagirs they hold. [Vide appendix III]

28. The present force consists of 223 men of whom 46 are stationed in the Magra Zilla [fully tract] The cost of the force for the year under report has been Rs. 21,322-15/9 against Rs. 20,963-12-5 in the preceding year.

29. The number and place of Thannas and outposts remained the same as in the last year, the former being 3 and the latter 7 in number.

30. A standard pay of Rs. 6/- P. M. is given to every constable

31. The Municipal chokidars work under the Superintendent of police, who exercises a direct control over them. Their number including the Jamadars is 22

32. The principal Jagirdars keep their own police directly supervised by the State Superintendent of Police. The Police of the Dhamotar, Raipur and Arund Estates are in better condition than that in the other Thikanas, and it is a matter of regret to record that 2 of the Thikanas keep a nominal police, who can not work at all. It is therefore under the consideration of the Maharaj Kumar to organise them too, on the line of the State Police

33. There is one police man for every 4 square miles and to 254 inhabitants taking the census figure of 1911. The State police is divided into following grades

Superintendent	..	1	
Sub-Inspectors	..	3	
Clerks	..	6	Samishtedar 1 Ahlmad 1 Isobar
Head constables	..	14	[in]
Drill master	..	1	

Constables	...	..	.	168	
Sowars	.	..		19	
Gunners	...			9	including one Jamadar who holds
Menials	...			2	[a Jagir.
				<hr/>	
Total				223	

34 During the year under report 2 Head constables, one sowar and 25 constables were dismissed, 2 Head constables were suspended, one head constable and one constable were sentenced to undergo imprisonment, and one Sub-Inspector, 5 Head constables, 56 constables 2 gunners and 1 Fairash were fined for negligence in their duties

35 **Village police.** The village police continue to perform their rural duties under the control of the police Superintendent & their number is 53 the same as in the last year.

36 No dacoity was committed during the year under report.

37 It is reported that 100 offences have been committed during the year, as against 92 in the preceding year. The percentage of persons convicted and chained for trial is 45, as against 40 in the last year, while the amount of stolen property recovered fell from 28 to 25

38. **Criminal Tribes.** This department continued to be under the direct control and charge of the Superintendent Police, during the year. There were 62 Moghias on the roll in the beginning of the year. Of this number 21 are cultivators 17 co-cultivators, 14 labourers and 10 chokidars. The land amounting to 858 Bighas is under their cultivation, no Taqavi was advanced to them this year

39 None of the Moghias was punished during the year under review.

40 **Criminal Justice.** The State council (Raj Sabha) is the highest tribunal of Justice in the State and has the power to take up cases both on their original and appellate side and can frame and legislate Laws and regulations from time to time subject to the approval and sanction of His Highness the Maharawat Sahib. This Court also receives and disposes of references from and exercises powers of appeal and revisions over all the Civil & Criminal Courts of the State and can pass a death sentence when the Chief himself presides at a trial for Murder. The Rajsabha when exercising power as original Court can have its decisions appealed to & orders revised by His Highness the Maharawat Sahib, but when orders and decisions have been passed by this Court on appeal or

over to it from any of the subordinate courts there is no further appeal to His Highness, but the parties are allowed to apply for revision of the orders passed on appeal.

41. There was one case of commitment in arrears at the close of the last year, and 6 were committed during this year, and all of them have been disposed of. The number of applications of appeal, reference and revision from the orders of the Magistrate was 37 and 9 were pending from the last year. The judgement of the Magistrate was confirmed in 18, modified in 9, rejected 11, and otherwise ordered 1, the number left pending at the close of the year was 3. The number of appeals, revisions and reviews in civil suits filed in the Rajabha was 943. 84 were in arrears of the last year, the total being 178 in all, out of these 144 were disposed of leaving 34 pending at the close of the year. (Vide appendices VIII, IX, and XII)

42. Subordinate to the Council are the courts of 1 first and 1 third class Magistrate. The first class Magistrate or the Faujdar hears also appeals against the decision of the Revenue officer, who is the third class Magistrate. The first class is also empowered to try cases summarily under section 260 of the criminal procedure code.

43. Out of 311 cases including 23 of the last year's balance, before the first class Magistrate, 294 were disposed of, 75 of them being summarily decided while 17 left pending at the close of the year, as against 23 of the preceding year.

44. **Civil judge** The civil judge, who is also the first class Magistrate, takes original suits of not more than Rs. 10000/- in value, while the State council try suits of which the value exceeds Rs. 10000/- and appeals against the finding of the judge he to this court. The civil judge is also empowered to exercise the functions of a small cause court for the purpose of hearing suits not exceeding Rs. 200/- in value.

45. The number of civil suits filed in the civil judge court was 575, as against 417 in the preceding year, with a total value of Rs. 53453 16. 53 was the balance of the last year. Out of 628 suits 517 were disposed of during the year, 81 being pending at the end of the year.

46. The work done by the criminal and the civil courts is shown in appendices VII, VIII, and IX, and X, XI, & XII respectively.

47. Munsif Jagdishchait Mathur B. A. L. L. B. the judicial officer has done his work most satisfactorily, he shows keen interest in the functions peculiar to his duties.

48 The principal feudatories that is, Dhamotai, Raipur, Amoud, Salimgarh, Achhoda, Jhantla, Bardia, Kalyanpura, and Dabia, also exercise the second class power of a Magistrate, and enjoy the privilege of exercising civil powers on a limited scale, within their own Estates. The appeals against the decisions of the Jagirdars' courts both civil & criminal are heard by the Magistrate and civil Judge of the State. The Thakur of Kalyanpura was allowed a period of 6 months to make the improvement in connection with his Judicial powers, but he has been quite unable to ameliorate a bit and it is going from bad to worse. Out of the empowered Feudatories Jhantla and Achhoda are under the management of the Court of wards owing to the minority of the Jagirdars.

49 With the exception of Mewar, all the neighbouring States and principalities of Central India and Rajputana, reciprocally arrest & surrender the criminals who having committed an offence in one State, have taken refuge in another.

50 During the year under report the following criminals were handed over to & extradited by the State

Handed over to the State.	Handed over by the State	No of persons
Udaipur	Partabgarh	1
Partabgarh	Rantamb	1
Partabgarh	Gwalior	1
Indore	Partabgarh.	2
Partabgarh	Indore	2
Bhopal	Partabgarh	1
Indore	Partabgarh	1
Dungarpur	Partabgarh	1
Partabgarh.	Indore	1
Partabgarh.	Government of India (Ry Police Neemuch)	4
Indore	Partabgarh	4
	Total	19

51 No border court was held this year

52 **Panchayat** Only one case filed in the Panchayat Court by the Mewar Durbar against the Partabgarh State, was dismissed on account of irregularity and want of evidence.

53 There is one large pacca Jail at the capital near the State garden, on a healthy and open place, it contains well ventilated and

may be made for the male and female prisoners, and the same under custody. The general health and discipline of the prison have been good during the year; there was no death nor epidemics bred out among the prisoners; only two of the prisoners were absconded and are still at large. The work is well looked after by Munshi Jagdish shah mehtar, the Superintendent of State Jail, who takes keen interest in its affairs.

51. There were 257 prisoners altogether in the Jail, including the remaining number 29 of the last year, of whom 91 were convicts, 22 civil prisoners, & 115 under trials. The daily average of convicts was 25. The average duration of accused under trial was of 9 days as against 16 days in the last year.

55. 15 prisoners were released on the following auspicious occasions.

Date	Occasion of release.	Number released.
22-12-13	Birthday anniversary of His Highness the Darbar Sahib	... .. 5
12- 5-14	Investiture of His Highness the Maharawat with the insignia of the Knight Commander of the most eminent order of the Indian Empire	... .. 5
22- 6-14	Birthday of His Majesty the King Emperor George V.	... .. 5
Total.		... .. 15

56. The finger impression of 10 convicts were taken during the year under report, and sent to the Central Finger Print Bureau at Mount Abu.

57. The persons confined in the Jail and lockups in the State during the year are shown in appendix XIII.

58. **Registration.** This Department worked well under Apaji Marathe the Sub-Registrar, but the number of documents registered during the year was even smaller than that of preceding year. The number of documents was 55 including 17 of the last year. Of these 37 of the value of Rs. 20252 8/- were registered, and 1 were rejected, leaving 14 pending at the close of the year, as against 18 in the last year, the fees realized being Rs. 85 78/- Vide appendices XIV and XV.

59. **Municipality.** There is one Municipality in the State namely at the capital. The work is divided into two branches,

General Committee and working Committee. Three meetings of the former and 10 of the latter were held during the year, dealing with the principal and ordinary questions respectively. Both the bodies worked very well.

60. Pandit Rikhashwar took over the charge of the Committee from Pandit Shanker Rao on 9th April 1914 and continued to work with diligence.

61. Besides the usual lighting, Conservancy etc, the repair of town road, construction of a new road with Kachha drain in 'Gopalganj' were made this year.

62. Materials for dilute gas light have been purchased for Rs. 8000/- out of which Rs. 5000/- were paid in advance, and the light is to be started next year.

63. Besides the levied cesses on export and import trade of the State at the rate of one and half annas per Rupee of the Customs income collected by the Customs Department, there are also some other minor sources of income. The total income for the year under report amounted to Rs. 17107 /11/- and the total expenditure to Rs. 14211/-/9 including Rs. 300/- contributed as grant in aid towards education, against Rs. 9906/8/6 and Rs. 9328/11/5 for the income and expenditure respectively in the preceding year. The balance being in hand at the close of the year Rs. 5625/8/10.

64. The Staff of the Municipality consists of:—

Secretary	..	...	1
Health officer	...	..	1
Clerks ..	..	...	2
Jamadar	..	.	1
Chaprasis	...	...	3
Daftari	...	...	1
Lamp men	..	...	4
Had chokidars	...	.	2
Chokidars	...	.	20
Sweepers	...	.	28

The City remained free of epidemic disease throughout the year.

65. There is also a branch of the Committee at Deolia in-charge of one Daroga with eight Sweepers; its work is said to have been satisfactory.



CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

66 The rainfall was generally favourable and the yield of both the Kharif and Rabi crops normally satisfactory, except linseed which suffered a little owing to the damage caused by insects. The monsoon rains set in earlier & with drawn in September.

67 **Wages and Labour** The supply of labour is very scarce for the last 2 years, consequently the wages have been raised to some extent

The rates are as under:—

Day Labour	..	..	Rs	7/8	P.	M.
Groom	...	...	"	6/.	"	"
Mason	...	...	"	15/.	"	"
Carpenter	...	...	"	15'.	"	"
Blacksmith	.	...	"	15/.	"	"
Tailor	—	..	"	15/.	"	"

68. **Food grains.** The staple food grains were available in abundance in the local markets of the State during the year and the prices were low as in the last year. Vide appendix XVIII.

69 This is the eighth year of the lease of the Central Distillery and the system worked satisfactorily under the Mahakma Khas. The liquor shops are 67 in number, in Kbalra and Jagir villages as against 65 in the preceding year, and the number increases every year.

70. The total income was Rs 16,339/12/10 during the year, as against Rs. 10,983/4/3 in the last year. The increment is due to the duty raised this year from 2 annas per gallon plus Rs 7/. per cent on the value of the 60 U. P. liquor issued to —/3/3 per gallon, while the price of 60 U. P. was also raised from annas, 14 to Rs, 1/2/. |

The prices were as under:—

15	under proof	Rs	3/12/.	per	gallon.
25	"	"	1/14/.	"	"
60	"	"	1/ 2/.	"	"

Following are the quantities of the liquor consumed during the year.

69	Under proof	74,168	gallons
25	"	1,824	"
15	"	2	"

71 Two candidates, Keshu Lal and Shahib Lal Khasgi wala were sent to Dhuli for Excise training this year and both of them passed their Examinations creditably

72 **Forest** This department continued under the supervision of Mr. Rustomji Framji the Customs Superintendent. Dulel Singh was appointed as a Forester, on 12th June 1913. This department still stands, as mentioned in the last year's report, in need of certain reforms, which are under the consideration of the Maharaj Kunwar Sahib. It will make a good improvement if the reforms are brought into force. The total income amounted to Rs. 2221/15/9 (including the grazing tax) as against Rs. 2481/- in the preceding year. The estimated budget amount was Rs. 3500/.

73 **Mines and minerals** No operations to explore for minerals and other economic products were conducted during the year under review, but Pandit Rikheswar the Police Superintendent has collected from the hilly tracts, some of the stones as specimen, to be analysed.

74 **Trade** The local trade consists of nothing important beyond the export of the surplus agricultural produce of the country and the import of condiments, cloth, Kerosine oil & other necessaries of life. The principal produce are Juar, Makki, Til, Cotton, Opium, wheat, gram and linseed. The trade in general was a little better than the last year, except the opium trade which was very dull, this depression is chiefly attributable to the low prices obtainable for the drug during the last successive 3 years. The export of the opium chests was entirely abolished and the strict restriction has been imposed on poppy cultivation. It is obvious that the Merchants and the ryots will suffer to a great extent as well as the State to a certain extent until some substitute is found to match the opium.

75 The principal articles of import are Sugar, Gur, Salt, Tobacco, Kerosine oil & Cloth. In the following statement the volume of trade of the previous year is compared with that of the present year.



Import.

Articles.	During the previous year in pounds	During the present year in maunds
Cloth	1,084	2,052
Tobacco.	2,126	2,255
Sugar	6,315	7,871
Salt	9,294	13,299
Gur	5,608	5,674
Khans	4,035	1,183

The estimated value being Rs 2,50,622/-

Export

Ghee	2,523	2,168
Oil seed.	57,171	23,032
Grain	13,524	1,00,934
Opium	323	671
Khans	9,633	19,041
Hides	8,404 (in number)	4,663 (in number)
Cotton (Kapas) }	6,785	15,393
Clean cotton.	3,298	5,999

76 **Manufacture.** The Partabgarh State is noted for enamelled glass work which is much admired in foreign countries, because such gold work of skill on glass, can not be made in any part of the country in India or probably elsewhere also. Wooden toys and other lacquered articles are also manufactured locally for export.

77. **Cotton Ginning.** It worked fairly well during the year ginning 3310 Manies of raw cotton (Kapas)

78 **Customs.** The income this year from Customs was Rs 1,74,023/15/5/ against Rs 1,02,671/10/3/ in the preceding year.

79. Mr. Rustamji and his subordinate staff discharged their duties to the satisfaction of Mahakma Khas. Much of the increment in income is due to their efforts, as well as to the export in abundant quantity of grain, Opium, kora and cotton.

80. **Public Works Department.** This department worked

fairly well under Pandit Bujnath, during the year 'The new works took up by the' Department were as under,—

Zanani Kothi at Bangalow (not finished)	Rs 6,529/2/3
Gowshala	5,272/11/0
Kothi at Bangalow	5,645/3/9
Small noina	105/2/6
Chauki at Bangalow	3,177/0/3
Varandah of Kitchen house ..	1,095/1/9
Dhalia in-side Zanani Kothi ..	202/0/3
Total	22,026/5/9

81 The following are the other works constructed this year & their costs were sanctioned to be paid from the other heads:—

An additional Varandah in the Judicial court's compound	[Rs 275/9/0
Shadow for garden Bullocks ...	119/12/6
Naka Peeth	425/6/9
Police Chauki (finished) ..	685/13/9
Dhalia in Fort	345/2/6
Small stable at Mohkampurua, ...	214/5/0

82 Besides these, certain petty repairs to the various State buildings were also made, during the year under report

83 **Post and Telegraph.** There is one combined Government Post and Telegraph office at Pautabgarh. The former is a sub-Post office and the latter is a third class office. There is also a branch post office at Deolia. Pautabgarh is a self supporting Post office while the State has to pay Rs 7/- P M as pay of the branch Post Master at Deolia.

84 The State during the year under report remained free from the epidemic disease of Plague and Cholera.

85 The economic condition of the people continued to be fairly improving as during the year under review a large export of cotton and Sua in particular was the principal means of fetching a good margin of profit to the pockets of traders, besides the areas sown with various crops yielded an excellent harvest which had no mean effect in stirring the commercial activity and strengthening the resources of the people in general to cope with successfully the eccentricities of Nature if any.

86 There was no emigration and immigration worth noticing this year and the prices of the food stuffs having for the time being shown a little upwards tendency, soon fell to their normal level.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and finance.

87. The financial year of the State began from the 1st October 1913 with an opening balance of Rs. 23,732/- and the gross receipt and tall books for the year ending 30th September 1914 was Rs. 4,22,609/- while that of the last year was Rs. 6,69,268/12/- but this included the windfall brought about by the proceeds of opium sale & distributed in proportion between the Native States & the Government of India. The total expenditure was Rs. 4,32,809/- against Rs. 7,13,850/10 in the preceding year.

88. Inviting a reference to para 74 of the last year's report it is with feelings of greatest pleasure to record that the State has during this year been able to claim a perfect immunity from any debt that was ever owed to the Government.

89. The collections under various heads of the State revenue have exceeded the budget estimates by about Rs. 88,009/-. For this count is due to all officials concerned and especially the Muhakma Khans which strictly supervised receipts and expenditures.

90. The Double lock System of Treasury has been working most satisfactorily under the Secretary to the Maharaj Kumar Sahib.

CHAPTER VI

(Medical)

91. **Dispensaries.** There are two dispensaries in the State one at Parbhagari & the other at Deohra. The Sub-Assistant Surgeons holding charge of them worked satisfactorily during the year. The cost of both the dispensaries for the year was Rs. 5,143/6/10 against Rs. 1,678/5/2 in the last year.

92. There were 37 indoor patients in the Raghunath Dispensary at Parbhagari of whom 30 were discharged, 2 absconded, 3 died and 2 were left under treatment at the close of the year. There was no indoor patient treated in the Deohra Dispensary. As regards other particulars, please vide appendix XXIII.

93. **Vaccination.** The results of vaccination were as follows:-

Successful	...	834.
Unsuccessful	...	16.

94. Beside the above dispensaries, one Doshi Dawakhana has been established by the State this year for the public benefit and it worked exceptionally well under Gaud Mal the Baidray.

95 The cost of the Aushdhalay during the year amounted to Rs 954

96 **Births and Deaths** The number of births and deaths as compared with the last year is --

	Births	Deaths
Past year . . .	808	575
Present year	847	517

Vide appendix XXIV

CHAPTER VII

Education

97 **School** There is one Anglo Vernacular Institution called the Pinhey Nobles' School at Partabgarh teaching up to the Middle Standard with a prescribed course of English with Persian, Sanscrit, Hindi and Urdu as second languages

98 There is also a Boarding house for Jagirdar boys attached to this school under a Rajput Superintendent Facilities are given for out-door games such as cricket, foot-ball and lawn tennis which receive every year a substantial help from the State by way of encouragement The Maharaj Kumar Sahib takes a keen interest in the general management of the School and Boarding house as well as in encouraging the boys in their games and studies.

99 Out of the 14 Rajput boys who appeared for the class examinations 12 came out successful and were promoted accordingly to the next higher classes during the year, this show that their general progress has been satisfactory through out & which mainly is due to the keen interest taken by the Head master in their education.

100 During the year under report Unharsingh the Superintendent Boarding House, Pinhey Nobles' School, was pensioned out of service and Thakur Devi Singh of Mandavara has been appointed in his place.

101. Besides the Pinhey Nobles' School there are 7 village Schools in which the number of boys on the roll are as follows. —

	No of boys.	Daily attendance.
Pinhey School .	153	127
Raj School . . .	70	40
Dohi School .	22	19
Village Schools ..	187	122

(Vide appendix XXV)

102. Along with all the rural Schools in the State show a good progress with the exception of those at Nimera & Pathanpura which are reported to be behind the general rate of progress maintained by sister institutions.

103. It is a matter of great regret that all of the boys sent up for the Rajputana Middle School examination, Ajmer, came out unsuccessful, the failure in question being chiefly due to Sanskrit the second language in all cases and it is hoped that Head master will be careful in future.

104. The total cost on education during the year under report was Rs 6,846/ against Rs 4,731/ in the preceding year.
Vide appendix XXV.

105. Of the clerical branches as proposed for addition to the school staff last year only the revenue class has been opened and is working well with 6 students under its training.

106. One of the 5 boys at the Mayo College from the State, gave up his schooling during the year under report owing to his ill health.

107. Munshi Pateh Lal Khasgiwala the Head Master is a young gentleman and is well fitted to discharge his duties with satisfaction.

CHAPTER VIII.

108. **Printing Press.** The printing press worked well under the charge of Shah Rikhabdas the State accountant who takes keen interest in it. Its income for the year under review was Rs 1,079 1/3 and expenditure Rs 751/12/1 against Rs 877/10 and Rs 476 11/3 respectively in the last year.

109. **Walter Krit Sabha.** There were at the beginning of the year 6 cases pending and 352 cases were filed of which 317 were disposed of, and 35 were left pending at the close of the year. One denouquency was noticed in respect of marriage among Rajputs. The work of the committee was carried out satisfactorily throughout the year by Munshi Soojan Mall the Secretary to the Maharaj Kumar Sahib. The remarks passed by the General Committee at Ajmer about the working of the local Sabha were good.

110. **Court of Wards.** There are now 2 Thikanas and 2 party Jams and the supervision of the Dairbar which are looked after by the Revenue officer. Jagir of Badia was entrusted to the Thakur after all its debt cases being amicably settled.

111 **Treasure Trove** No treasure trove was found during the year under report

112 **Holme Public Library** There is one public library named the Holme library in honour of Mr Holme once the Political Agent of the State I am glad to record that the attendance of general public was more than last year

113 **Railway Out-Agency** This Agency worked well this year and is in a flourishing condition

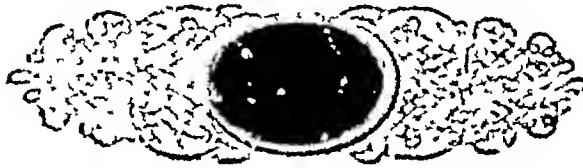
114 Sufficient grass for the expenditure of the State was stored during the year The public, too, felt no difficulty for the supply of grass



Note from the Maharaj-Kumar
Sahib regarding the work
done by the State officials
during the year under
report.

This year was exceptionally good as regards income. Specially in the Customs Department owing to large exports and imports. The work done by every state official was to my entire satisfaction specially noteworthy is that of my Secretary Munshi Sujan Mall Banthia, Shah Rikhabdas Council Secretary, Superintendent Customs, Munshi Jagdeesh Sahai the Magistrate. Maharaj Balwant Singh the Revenue officer carried out his work with more zeal and enthusiasm and made many changes in his department, beneficial to the State administration, after obtaining the sanction from the Mahekmakhas.

The Educational and Public Works Departments did not work so satisfactorily as last year.



APPENDIX I.

Names of High officials in the Puntabgah State showing changes in personnel during the year 1913-14

(25)

Name of officers	Appointment.	Period		Remarks
		From	To	
Maharaj Kumar Man Singhji	Head of the Administration under the Darbar			
Munshi Soojan Mal Bantua	Secretary to the Maharaj Kumar Sahib			
Shah Rikhabdas Khamasara.	State Accountant, Secretary & Member State Council.			
Maharaj Balwant Singh,	Revenue Officer			
Munshi Jagdish Sahai Mathur B A ,	Magistrate and Civil Judge			
L L B				
Mr Rustomji Faramji Marfatia	Superintendent of Customs			
Pandit Shanker Rao	Superintendent of Police.			Held charge temporarily.
Pandit S A Rikhesar D D R.	" "			
Mirza Mohommd Beg	Vakil at the Residency.			
Pandit Shanker Rao	Officiating Vakil at the Residency.			Retired
Munshi Fateh Lal Khasgiwala	Head Master Pinhey Nobles' School			
Pandit Baijnath	State Overseer			

APPENDIX II.

List of Laws in force in the Potalah State during the year 1911

The Potalah State	Whether introduced from British India Acts	Introduced during the year 1911	Remarks
1. British Penal Code			
2. Criminal Procedure Code			
3. Civil Procedure Code			
4. Evidence Act			
5. Limitation Act (XV of 1877)			
6. Stamp Act (II of 1877)			
7. Courts Act (VII of 1879)			
8. Registration Act (II of 1877)			
9. Criminal Fines Act (XXVII of 1877)			
10. Contract Act (IX of 1872)			
11. The P. P. Jail Manual			
12. The N. H. P. High Court Rules and orders for the Subordinate civil and criminal courts			
13. Specific Relief Act (I of 1877)			
14. Abkari Act (5 of 1878) Bombay.			
15. Dhangapur Police Rules.			
16. Kalamandali Unirwan.			
17. Court of Wards Rules.			
18. Patwardi & Kanungo Rules.			
19. Rules regulating the grant of loan for land improvement			
20. Rules regulating the concessions granted to cultivators and others on land improvement made with & without the aid of Taccavi loan			
21. Forest Rules			
22. Customs Rules.			
23. Rules for the conduct of Treasury under the Double lock system.			
24. Rules for the control & working of cattle pound.			
	British Indian Acts		
		Nil	
	Passed by Darbar		

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military force in the Portabgah State, during the year 1913-14.

Amalgamated with the police

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police in the Part of each State for the year 1913-14

Description of Office	Number	Pay of grade	Total cost.	Punishments			Rewards		Education		Remarks
				Dismissed.	Filed degraded or suspended for default.	Imprisoned.	By provision.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Superintendent.	1	100	1200						1		
" " " " "	1	15	150						1		
" " " " "	1	15	144						1		
Sub Inspector.	1	25	300						1		
" " " " "	3	20	480		1				3		
Moharrirs.	4	10	400						4		
Head Constables.	5	10	600	1	4	1			5		
" " " " "	9	5	864	1	3				5		
Drill master.	1	20	240	23	56	1	3		15		
Constable.	108	6	12096	1							
" " " " "	12	20	2880								
Sowars.	7	10	1344								
" " " " "			873								
" " " " "			141		1						
" " " " "			975		2						
Other expenses.			899								
Total.	223		23300	28	67	2	5		36		Jamadar receives no pay being a Jagirdar

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Partabgarh State during the year 1913-14.

State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial		Number to accused convicted		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of conviction (column 4 & 5)		Percentage of conviction of accused sent for trial		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Partabgarh.	92	100	117	124	117	124	47	56	62	61	40	45	40	45	

APPENDIX VI

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Patidgarh State during the years 1911-12.

State.	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Partabgarh.	5682/1/-	7020/1/-	1587/4/-	1748/5/-	29	25	

(20)

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the

Paitabgah State during the year 1913-14

Description of offence.	Number of offences				No of cases disposed of during the past year				No of persons apprehended				No of persons convicted				Number of persons sentenced						Term of imprisonment										Awaiting trial		Remarks
	Balance from past year	Committed during the present year			Total	No of cases disposed of during the present year	No of persons apprehended	No of persons convicted	Imprisonment			Fine only	Whipping	Total	No of persons acquitted or discharged	No of persons confined before trial	Under one month	From 1 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	Transportation	Capital punishment									
		year	present year	Total					Rigorous	Simple	Imprisonment & fine.																								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					
Chapter IX	1		1	1		2	1	1																					1						
Chapter X	1	2	3	1	1	1	1																												
Chapter XI		1	1	2	1	1	1																												
Chapter XIV.	7	18	26	18	15	31	15	1	1		10	3		15	13																				
Chapter XVI.	99	72	171	37	46	81	33	3	11	5	13	2	1	33	45																				
Chapter XVII		6	6	3	6	8	6	3	1					6	2																				
Miscellaneous																																			
Total	108	100	208	61	70	124	56	8	14	5	23	5	1	56	61			15	10	10	3	9	2	1											

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the

Punjab State during the year 1911-12

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with										Persons disposed of				Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in						Total		Discharged without trial	Acquitted.	Committed or referred	Fined, escaped or transferred		
				Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate	Past year	Present year							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Raj Sabha.	22	8	2	6	2	.	1	.	27	11	.	1	10	.	.	.	
Faujdari Court.	140	338	19	139	160	106	42	9	493	473	216	113	99	9	12	24	
Zilla Parnabgarh	.	.	..	.	.	..	.	.	.	.	.	..	.	.	..	.
Total.	362	346	21	145	162	106	43	9	520	486	216	116	109	9	12	24	

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by criminal courts in the Pargabganj State,

during the year 1913-14

Tribunals	No of applications	Number of persons and cases														Remarks		
		Applications rejected		Sentences						Proceedings quashed		Referred		Further enquiry & ordered			Pending	
		Persons	Cases	Confirmed	Modified	Reversed	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Raj Sabha	46	28	18			12	9	25	11					4	4	5	4	
Faujdar Court	2							4	2									
Total	48	28	18			12	9	30	13					4	4	5	4	

APPENDIX X.

(Civil work, Nature and value of original work filed and deposited during the year 1913-14)

[illegible]

APPENDIX XI.

Civil work Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Patna District State for the year 1913-14.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year		Applications brought to the register			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of the present year			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
Sadar Divani.	41	37	5239	206	212	36410	247	219	41650	210	209	35614	37	40	6036	37	1	2		
	26	54	5907	128	156	14247	154	210	20154	100	106	9681	54	104	10473	44	56	23		
Total.	67	91	11146	334	368	50657	401	459	61804	310	315	45295	91	144	16509	81	57	25		

APPENDIX XII.

Cash and Receipts of appeals in civil suits for the year 1911-12.

	Opening balance		Filed during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of						Average duration		Remarks				
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Discontinued	Dismissed	Set aside for trial	Dismissed on other merits	Past year	Present year							
Tribunal.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
Raj Sabha.	24	84	137	94	105	178	81	144	84	31	15117	37766	51	97	7	20	7	14	1	1	15	12	VI D. H. 3-23-18	VI D. H. 3-0-0	
Sadar Diwan												29				1									
Total	28	84	137	95	105	180	81	146	84	11	15117	37795	51	97	7	21	7	14	1	1	15	13			

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and lock ups in the Punjab State during the year 1913-14.

Stations	Number of persons	Number of prisoners					Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Average period of accused under trial	Remarks showing mortality among convicts - Jail
		Reinforcing from last year.	Admitted during the year	Total.		Past year	Present year					
				Past	Present							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Partabgarh.	1	29	228	233	257	24	25	32	1,238/6/7	9 days		

APPENDIX XIV.

Register of documents in the Parlatygh State during the year 1911-12.

Name of State	Documents presented for registration		Nature of documents presented										Documents registered		Value of documents registered		Documents of which the State has been refused		Documents returned to the State at the close of the year.		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Mortgage		Sale deeds		Wills		Money bonds		Miscellaneous		Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year			
			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	-1
P Parlatygh.	44	37	16	20	7	4	..	.	13	7	8	6	44	37	21,304/8	20,232/8	..	4	18	14	

APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of registration during the year 1913-14

Description.	Past year			Present year			Remarks
	Number of deeds.	Value of property	Fees realized.	Number of deeds	Value of property	Fees realized	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mortgages ..	16	4,923/	31/12	20	7,920/	44/	
Sale deeds	7	1,043/	6/12	4	4,687/	11/	
Wills . ..		...		.		.
Money bonds .	13	13,385/8	20/8	7	6,819/8/	14/	
Miscellaneous .	8	1,953/	15/4	6	826/	16/8/	
Total,	44	21,304/8	74/4	37	20,252/8/	85/8/	
Expenditure ..		...	18/9	..	.	21/6/	
Net profit .		...	55/11	..	.	64/2/	

APPENDIX XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipality in the Panchagiri State during the year 1912-13

Name.	Opening balance on 1st October.	Receipts during the year		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 31st October 1913.	Remarks.
		Post.	Present.		Post.	Present.		
Panchagiri.	2,798/13/5	9,906/8/6	17,107/11	19,836/9/5	9,3-8/11/6	11,211/	5,625/9/5	

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of rainfall in the Patnagarh State for the year 1913-14

Name of place													Remarks			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
October	November	December	January.	February	March	April.	May	June	July	August	September	Total	Total of past year	Average of past 5 years		
Partabgarh town		14														
Deolia (Zilla Magia)																
Sagthali	10															
Dhamotar																
Arnaud																
Salangarb																
Raipur																
Bariya.																
Hathunia																

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement as to prices of crops sold grown in the Partabgarh State for the year 1913-14.

Articles	During June (last year)			During June (present year)			During Septem- ber, past year)			During Septem- ber (present year)			Remarks
	Rs	As	Pice	Rs	As	Pice	Rs	As	Pice	Rs	As	Pice	
Wheat	2	11	3	3		3	2	9	6	3	1	2	
Gram	2	8		2	10	6	3	10	9	3	3	..	
Maize	2	10	..	2	1	5	1	15	3	1	12	8	
Jawar	2	5	6	2	3	4	1	12	6	1	14	6	
Barley	1	12	6	2	..	...	1	10	9	1	12	2	
Rice	6	2	6	5	11	4	6	6	6	5	15		
Urd	3	3	3	3	5	3	2	8	..	2	15	3	

APPENDIX XIX.

Expenditure on Public works during the year 1913-14.

Number	Description of works	State funds		Local funds		Total.
		Original	Repairs	Original	Repairs	
1	Deogarh Palace	..	1,683	..	..	1,683
2	Maharaj Kumar Sahib's Bungalow	22,027	120	..	..	22,147
3	Fort		3,216	..	..	3,216
4	Roads	562	1,842		..	2,404
5	Police Station, Partabgarh	686	..		..	686
6	Wells	..	405	..	..	405
7	Raghunath Dispensary Partabgarh	..	959	..	..	959
8	Boundary Pillars		400	..	..	400
9	Record office	..	905	..	..	905
10	Pinhey Nobles' School	..	249	..	..	249
11	Additions & Repairs to other State Buildings	821	1,645	..	..	2,466
12	Miscellaneous (including Rs 276/6/3 paid for bullocks, tools and load carts)		942		..	942
	Total	24096	12,366	..	..	36,462
	Establishment and contingencies	..		..	..	2,657
	Grand Total		..	..	..	39,119

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural stock in the Port of each State for the year ending 30th September 1911.

District	Year.	Horses and cattle.										Horses.		With two bullocks.		With four bullocks.		Riding.		Load carrying.		Remarks
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Cows & calves.	Ares.	Sheep & goats.	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
				Male.	Female.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Port-abgrrh.	1913-14	11,908	10,004	986	1,213	300	400	135	213	7,608	3,659	.	...	700								

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise revenue of the Patnabgaoh State for the year 1913-14

Name of State	Country spirit.		Opium		Ganja		Total		Remarks
	Number of shops	Revenue	Number of shops	Revenue	Number of shops	Revenue	Number of shops.	Revenue	
Patnabgaoh.	67	16,339/13	...	.	..	.	67	16,339/13	

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical relief afforded in the Patnabgarh State during the year 1913-14

Dispensary	Number of patients treated.		Results				Expenditure.	Daily average	Remarks
	Out door	In-door.	Discharged	Absented	Died.	Remaining under treatment			
Patnabgarh .. .	16,629	37	30	2	3	2	2927 14 5	1 18 34	
Deogarh. ...	2,520	...	...	...	...		2,215/8/5	21 70	
Total ...	19,149	37	30	2	3	2	5143 6 10	170.04	

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital Statistics of the Paritabgarh State for the year 1917-18

Name.	Population	Births.		Increase	Decrease	Deaths.		Increase	Decrease	Ratio per 1,000 of popu's con.				Remarks
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Partabgarh	62,704	808	817	39	...	575	517	.	58	13	13	9	8	

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Partabgarh State for the year 1913-14

Number of schools	Description of schools		Number of pupils on roll on the 30th September		Daily average attendance		Expenditure			Remarks
			Past year	Present year	Past year.	Present year	High school	Secondary	Primary	
1	1	Partabgarh city	165	153	119	127	.	5,472		
1	1	Timhey Nobles School								
		Raj Vein School	70	70	62	40			525	
		Deogarh								
1	1	Deogarh Vein School	25	22	20	19	.		51	
5	5	Village Schools	186	187	105	122	.	...	798	
		Total	446	432	306	308		5,472	1,374	

